Hearing Loss

FACTS:

- In the United States, two to three children per 1,000 are born with hearing loss each year.

- The U.S. Department of Education (2002) reports that, during the 2000-2001 school year, 70,767 students aged six to 21 (or 1.3% of all students with disabilities) received special education services under the category of “hearing impairment.” However, the number of children with hearing loss and deafness is undoubtedly higher, since many of these students may have other disabilities as well and may be served under other categories.

- Undiagnosed and untreated hearing loss can negatively impact a child’s life – significantly affecting his or her development, achievement, and employment abilities.

- About two to three out of every 1,000 children in the United States are born deaf or hard of hearing.

SERVICES AVAILABLE:

Vision and hearing screening is available through the Health Department Free of Charge for infants – school age children.

As with immunizations, Hearing and Vision screening is required before entering kindergarten. The Dickinson-Iron District Health Department provides vision and hearing screening for all children of this age at School Organized Kindergarten roundups as well as at monthly Clinics at the Health Department.

Please call or visit one of our two locations:

818 Pyle Drive
Kingsford, MI  49802
(906) 774-1868

601 Washington Ave.
Iron River, MI  49935
(906) 265-9913
WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW:

Hearing Loss
Hearing loss can vary greatly among children and can be caused by many things.

Signs of Hearing Loss
- Does not turn to the source of a sound by three to four months of age.
- Pays attention to vibrating noises or noises that can be felt, rather than heard.
- Turns head when he or she sees you but not if you call out his or her name: this usually is mistaken for not paying attention or just ignoring, but could be the result of a hearing loss.
- Hear some sounds but not others.

What causes hearing loss? Can it be prevented?
Hearing loss can happen any time during life – from birth to adulthood. Babies born early, who have low birth weight, or who are exposed to infections in the womb might have hearing loss, but this can happen to full-term, normal babies as well. Genetic factors are the cause of hearing loss in about 50% of babies-these babies might have family members who are deaf. Illnesses, injuries, certain medical conditions, loud noise levels can cause children and adults to lose hearing. Some causes of hearing loss can be prevented.

If you or your doctor think your child might have hearing loss, ask that a hearing test be done as soon as possible.

RESOURCES:

Michigan Department of Community Health
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention (EHDI) Program
http://michigan.gov/mdch/0,1607,7-132-2942_4911_21429-55522--,00.html

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)
Learn the Signs. Act Early. Hearing Loss Fact Sheet
http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/autism/ActEarly/hearing_loss.htm1

E-Michigan Deaf and Hard of Hearing People
http://www.michdhh.org/index.html

Hearing Loss Association of Michigan
http://www.mi-shhh.org/